Table 9.4: Electrocardiographic Results^{1,2}

		Age Group			Disability Level		
						ADL Difficulty	
	Total (N=1002)	65-74 (N=388)	75-84 (N=311)	85+ (N=303)	Moderate ³ (N=343)	Receives No Help (N=478)	Receives Help (N=181)
Number with valid ECG ⁴ Percent with valid ECG ⁴	953 95.5	370 95.5	299 96.2	284 93.8	327 95.5	454 95.1	172 96.6
Heart rate (beats per minute) ⁵ 60 or less (%) 61-90 (%) Over 90 (%)	18.8 75.2 6.0	18.5 72.7 8.8	20.5 75.1 4.4	14.5 83.1 2.4	19.3 75.2 5.5	20.1 75.1 4.8	13.9 75.7 10.4
Mean heart rate	71.4	72.5	70.6	70.5	70.9	70.7	74.4
Electrocardiographic abnormalities (%) ⁶							
Major Q/QS waves ⁷ Left ventricular hypertrophy ⁷	8.3 1.2	7.6 0.5	8.7 1.1	9.4 3.5	6.3 1.0	9.0 1.5	10.4 0.9
Isolated major ST-T wave abnormalities ⁷	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.9
Atrial fibrillation or flutter	4.2	3.3	4.4	6.7	5.2	2.7	6.5
First-degree atrioventricular block ⁸	7.3	4.8	9.3	8.9	5.1	7.6	10.8
Ventricular conduction defects ⁹ Left bundle branch block Right bundle branch block Intraventricular block of	11.8 2.2 4.6 4.9	8.7 1.6 2.6 4.4	13.9 2.7 5.7 5.5	15.4 2.8 7.8 4.9	9.5 2.1 2.3 5.1	13.1 2.2 6.1 4.8	12.9 2.6 5.6 4.8
indeterminate type Any electrocardiographic abnormality above	29.2	22.6	33.1	38.2	23.0	31.0	37.2

(Women's Health and Aging Study, physical assessment, 1992-1995)

All variables have less than 1% missing data for participants with valid ECG. Results are for participants with valid ECG and are based on non-missing data.

Descriptive statistics are based on weighted data.

No ADL difficulty; disabled in two or more domains (see Chapter 1).
Participants with electronic pacemakers were not included.
Categories may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
See text for definitions of ECG abnormalities.
Diagnosis not applied to participants with ventricular conduction defects.
Diagnosis not applied to participants with atrial fibrillation or flutter.
Categories may not add up to the percent with ventricular conduction defects due to rounding.